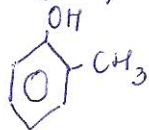
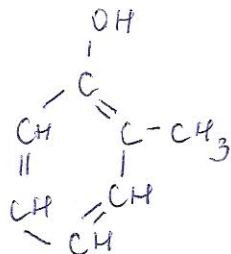


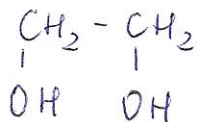
a) 2-metylofenol



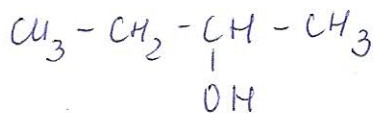
lub



b) glikol (etylenowy)

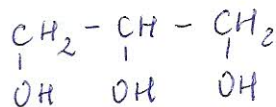
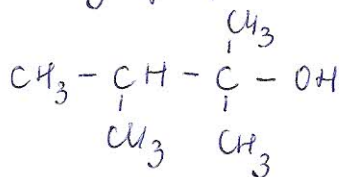


c) butan-2-ol



Glicerol

d) 1,1,2-trimetylopropan-1-ol



- bezbarwna
- bezkonna ciecz
- o dużej lepkości
- higroskopijna